## **Capital Adequacy Disclosures**

## As Per the Nepal Rastra Bank Capital Adequacy Framework 2015 Fist Quarter-end of F.Y. 2024/25

Tier-1 Capital and Breakdown of Its Components

	Particulars	Rs. In Million
1	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	26,266.70
1.01	Paid-up Equity Share Capital	13,451.67
1.02	Proposed Bonus Shares	-
1.03	Equity Share Premium	-
1.04	Statutory General Reserves	9,823.88
1.05	Retained Earnings	2,672.29
1.06	Unaudited Current Year Cummulative Profit	
1.07	Debenture Redeemption Reserve	2,125.00
1.08	Capital Adjustment Reserve	0.23
1.09	Less: Investment in Equity of Licensed Financial Institutions	(164.57)
1.1	Less: Investment in Equity of Institutions with Financial Interest	(727.37)
1.11	Less: Investment in equity of institutions in excess of limits	(867.40)
1.12	Less:Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	(47.04)
2	Additional Tier 1 Capital	5,432.71
2.1	Irredeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Share Capital	5,432.71
	Total	31,699.41

Tier-2 Capital and Breakdown of Its Components

	Particulars	Rs. In Million
1	Subordinated Term Debt	1,000.00
2	General Loan Loss Provision	2,903.05
3	Investment Adjustment Reserve	29.96
4	Exchange Equalization Reserve	108.11
5	Accrued Interest Receivable on pass loan included in Regulatory Reserve	655.95
6	Other Reserves	-
	Total	4,697.07

**Total Qualifying Capital** 

	Particulars	Rs. In Million
1	Core (Tier-1) Capital	31,699.41
1.1	Common Equity Tier-1 Capital	26,266.70
1.2	Additional Tier-1 Capital	5,432.71
2	Supplementary (Tier-2) Capital	4,697.07
	Total Capital Fund (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	36,396.48

## Risk Weighted Exposures

	Particulars	Rs. In Million
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	232,244.21
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	14,700.61
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	106.39
	Total	247,051.21

Risk Weighted Exposure under each of 11 Categories of Credit Risk

	Particulars	Risk Weighted Exposure (Rs. In Million)
1	Claims on Government and Central Bank	-
2	Claims on Other Official Entities	-
3	Claims on Banks	5,132.19
4	Claims on Corporate and Securities Firms	16,055.57
5	Claims on Regulatory Retail Portfolio	116,097.24
6	Claims Secured by Residential Properties	11,007.56
7	Claims Secured by Commercial Real State	2,933.08
8	Past Due Claims	6,640.68
9	High Risk Claims	2,907.69
10	Other Assets	28,713.80
11	Off-balance Sheet Items	42,756.40
	Total	232,244.21

**Total Risk Weighted Exposure Calculation Table** 

	Particulars	Rs. In Million
1	Total Risk Weighted Exposures (After Supervisory Adjustment)	262,466
1.1	Total Risk Weighted Exposures (Prior to Supervisory Adjustment)	247,051
1.2	SRP 6.4 a (5) ALM Policies and Practices are not satisfactory, add 1% of net interest income to RWE	-
1.3	SRP 6.4 a (7) Add RWE equivalent to reciprocal of capital charge of 4% of Gross Income	5,532
1.4	SRP 6.4 a (9) Overall Risk Management Policies and Procedures are not Satisfactory. Add 3% of RWE	9,882
2	Total Core (Tier 1) Capital	31,699
2.1	Common Equity Tier-1 Capital	26,267
2.2	Additional Tier-1 Capital	5,433
3	Total Supplementary (Tier-2) Capital	4,697
4	Total Capital Fund (Tier-1 + Tier-2)	36,396
5	Common Equity Tier-1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures	10.01%
6	Core Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures	12.08%
7	Total Capital Fund to Total Risk Weighted Exposures	13.87%
8	Leverage Ratio	7.41

Amount of Non-Performing Assets (NPA)

	Categories	Gross NPA (Rs. In Million)	Provision (Rs. In Million)	Net NPA (Rs. In Million)
1	Reschedule/Restructured Loan	2,907	1,336	1,571
2	Substandard Loan	2,419	585	1,834
3	Doubtful Loan	1,294	629	665
4	Loss Loan	3,235	3,088	146
	Total	9,855	5,639	4,217

## **NPA** Ratio

Gross NPA to Gross Loan and Advance 4.78%

Net NPA to Net Loan and Advance 2.14%

**Movement of Non-Performing Assets** 

	Categories	This Quarter (Rs.in Million)	Previous Quarter (Rs.i	n Million)	Difference (Rs. in Million)
1	Reschedule/Restructured loan	2,907		1,512	1,396
2	Substandard loan	2,419		1,166	1,253
3	Doubtful loan	1,294		851	443
4	Loss loan	3,235		3,572	(338)
	Total	9,855		7,102	2,754

Written-off Loan and Interest Suspense

	Categories	Rs. In Million
1	Write-off Loan and Its Interest	2,091
2	Interest suspense	
	Total	2,091

Movement in Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense

	Categories	This Quarter (Rs.in Million)	Previous Quarter (Rs.in Million)	Difference (Rs. in Million)
1	Loan loss provision	8938	8,03	8 900
2	Interest suspense	1,593	1,69	1 (98)
	Total	10,531	9,72	9 801

Segregation of Investment Portfolio

	Categories	Amount in Million
1	Held-for-trading	1,509
2	Held-to-maturity	76,754
3	Available-for-sale	1,585
	Total	79,849

Summary of the bank's internal approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities.

Agricultural Development Bank Ltd. manages risk through an integrated Risk Management Framework (RMF) of the Bank. This RMF is built upon the principles of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision and follows the directions of Risk Management Guideline issued by Nepal Rastra Bank. The bank follows the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and has a framework "Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)" for determining internal capital adequacy requirement in relation to risk profile of Bank. Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) is conducted annually by independent Risk Management Department which is presented to Risk Management Committee and Board. With the approval of the Board, the ICAAP report on annual basis is submitted to Nepal Rastra Bank. The ICAAP report covers bank's attitude towards risk, business and risk strategy, risk appetite, risk assessment and aggregation, stress and scenario testing. The bank has assessed internal capital requirement for consecutive four fiscal year under different three assumed scenarios. The Capital adequacy requirement assessed under those scenario shows adequate level of capital. The assessment is reviewed and the internal capital requirements is calculated, in case, if any changes occur in risk profile. A CEO level "ICAAP Steering Committee" is in place for reviewing ICAAP document and implementation of its recommnedations. The assessment is further analyzed in Board level Risk Management Committee (RMC) and forwarded to Board for oversight. The ICAAP Steering Committee also reviews the quarterly Capital Adequacy changes and profile of Bank.